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http://www.groundside.com/blog

Java Server Faces

Everything you always wanted to know but were afraid to ask...

Agenda

- JSF Introduction
 - Why JSF
 - Architecture
 - JSF Technology
- JSF and Oracle
 - JDeveloper
 - ADF Faces
 - Future

Why JSF?

- So what's all the fuss about?
- What makes JSF so compelling?
- Why are IBM, Sun and Oracle devoting serious resources to JSF?
- Why another framework?

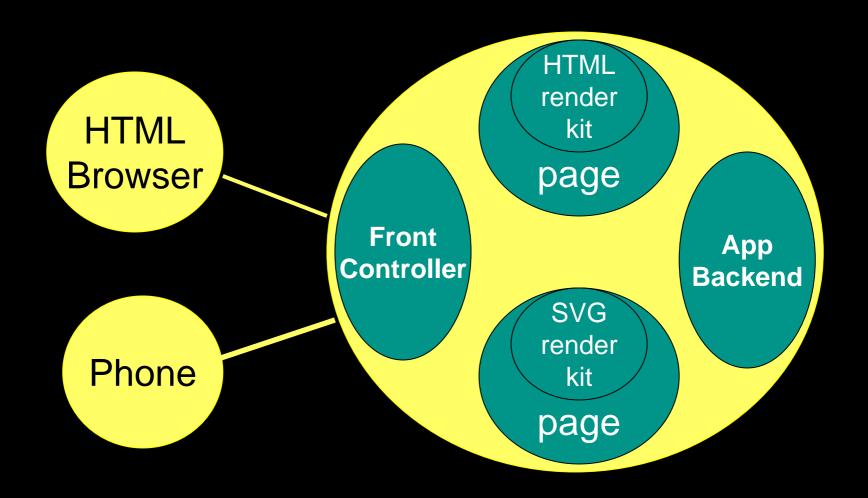
Here is why!

- JSF is a standard specification
 - JSR 127
 - Part of J2EE 1.5
- JSF exposes a component and event based programming model
- JSF is tool friendly
- JSF is implementation agnostic

JSF Architecture

- Abstracts away from HTTP
 - Developers don't need to understand requestresponse cycle
- Abstracts away from HTML
 - Developers work with components, not markup
 - Developers don't need to decode requests
- Abstracts away from JSP
 - Supports more than just one type of UI definition

Architecture



Anatomy of a JSF application

- A standard J2EE 1.3+ Web application with...
- JSF and Commons jar files in WEB-INF/lib
- Faces controller servlet configured in the web.xml
- A Faces-config.xml file

The Faces-config.xml file

- Similar to struts-config.xml
- Contains two main types of components
 - Managed Beans
 - Navigation Model

A typical JSF application consists of:

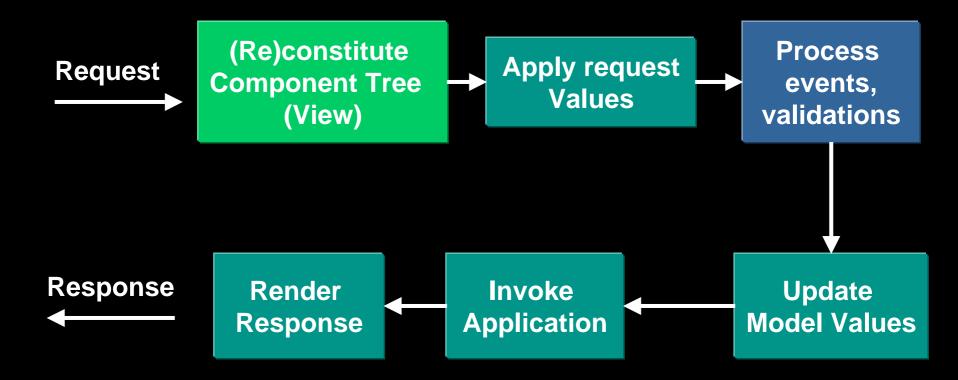
- JSP pages containing UI Components encapsulated in JSP tag libraries: Core, HTML
- A Navigation Model specified in the facesconfig.xml
- A set of Managed Beans which facilitate the UI logic of the application
 - Kind of like Struts Form beans and Actions combined

Lifecycle of JSF page

- A JSF page is represented by a tree of UI components, called a view
- When a client makes a request for the page, the lifecycle starts
- During the lifecycle, JSF implementation must build the view while considering state saved from the previous postback
- When the client performs a postback of the page, JSF implementation must perform lifecycle steps
 - Validation
 - Conversion



The JSF Lifecycle



Request Processing

- Life-cycle handles two types of requests
 - Initial request & Postback
- Initial request
 - A user requests the page for the first time
 - Lifecycle only executes the restore view and render response phases

Postback

- A user submits the form contained on a page that was previously loaded into the browser as a result of executing an initial request
- Lifecycle executes all phases



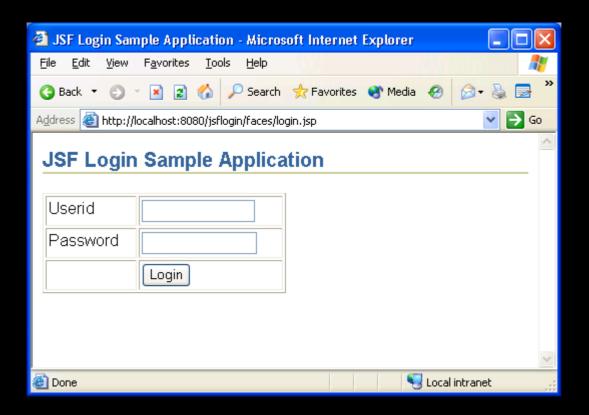
JSF UI Components

- Basic building blocks of a JSF application
- Can represent simple to complex User Interface components ranging from a button or input field to a complete page.
- Can be associated to Model data objects through Value Binding
- UI Components use helper objects: validators, converters, listeners/events

JSF UI Components

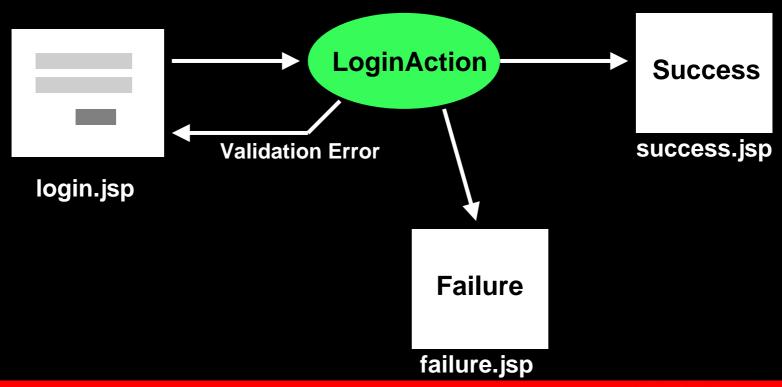
- UI Components can be rendered in different forms based on invocation:
 - UIOutput -> text label, date label..
- UI Components can be invoked directly or from JSP using JSF tag libraries
 - Example: UlInput can be invoked in a JSP with <h:inputText ..>
- UI Components are extendable
 - Developers can create new, custom components

A simple example – A JSF Login Application

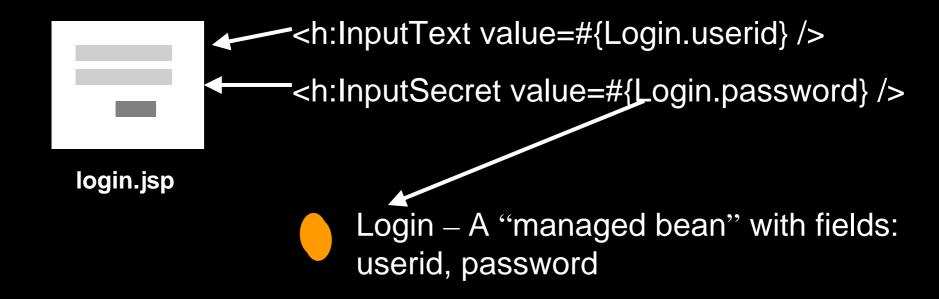




A simple example – A JSF Login Application

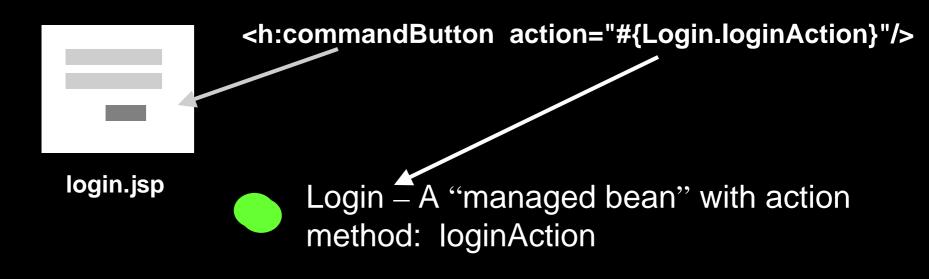


UI Components and Value Binding to a Managed Bean



How to use a built-in Validation method

A Command UI Component bound to an "action"



Returns String: e.g. "failure" or "success"

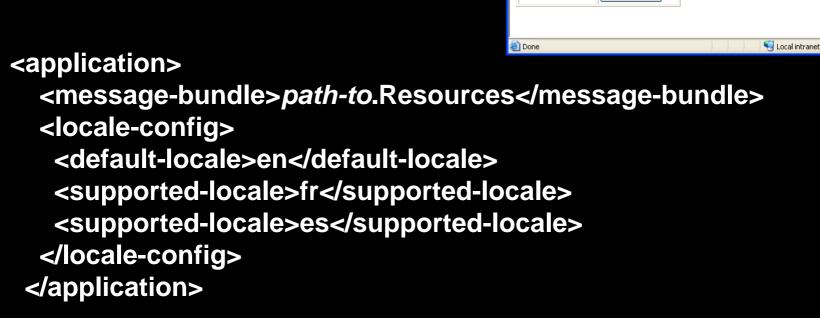
Success

Login.jsp navigation rule with 2 cases

```
<navigation-rule>
 <from-view-id>login.jsp</from-view-id>
 <navigation-case>
  <from-action>#{LoginServer.loginAction}</from-action>
  <from-outcome>success</from-outcome>
  <to-view-id>/success.jsp</to-view-id>
 </navigation-case>
 <navigation-case>
 ...failure...
 </navigation-case>
</navigation-rule>
```

Localizing the login app..

Faces-config.xml





🎒 JSF Login Sample Application - Microsoft Internet Explorer

Connectez

🔇 Back 🔻 🎒 🔻 🙎 🏠 🔑 Search 🜟 Favorites 😵 Media 🥝

Exemple d'une Application de Connection basée sur

Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address 👸 http://localhost:8080/jsflogin/faces/login.jsp

JSF

Nom de l'Utilisateur Mot de Passe

Localizing the login app...

In your page

```
<f:loadBundle basename="jsflogin.Resources"
var="jsfloginBundle"/>
```

<h:outputText value="#{jsfloginBundle.useridLabel}"</pre>



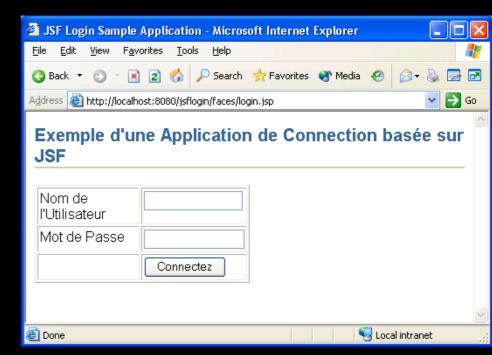
Localizing the login app...

Resources.Properties

useridLabel=Userid

Resources_fr.Properties

useridLabel=Nom de l'Utilisateur





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 - JDeveloper
 - ADF Faces
 - Rich Web Clients

JSF and JDeveloper 10.1.2

- Need to manually integrate JSF RI 5 Easy steps:
 - 1. Create new JDeveloper library for JSF jars.
 - Add JSF tag libraries to JDeveloper (including Component Palette)
 - 3. Create a new Web project and configure web.xml for faces servlet.
 - Add Faces jar files to Web-Inf/lib (classpath)
 - Add empty faces-config.xml Web-Inf

http://otn.oracle.com/products/jdev/howtos/10g/jsf_howto/jsf.html

ADF Faces and JDeveloper 10.1.3

- Download the extension from the Update center
 - Help >> Check For Updates
- Regular Updates as new versions released
 - EA13 is current

JSF and JDeveloper 10.1.3

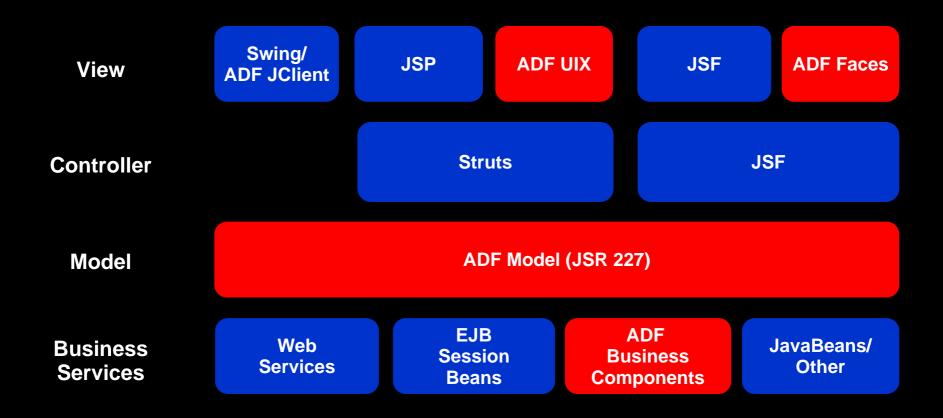
- JSF Visual Editing
 - JSF UI Component visual editing
 - Provides backend code generation (double-click)
- Faces Config Editing Console
 - Console for productive editing of faces-config.xml
- JSF Page Flow
 - Visually design Faces navigation model

What Is Oracle ADF?

- Application Development Framework (ADF)
- A runtime framework for J2EE applications
 - Thin web clients (html based) & desktop applications
 - Based on MVC architecture
- Made up of several layers
 - Business Services Layer EJB, ADF BC, WebServices etc.
 - ADF Model (JSR 227)
 - Struts Controller
 - JSP/JSF, ADF UIX, Swing and ADF Faces
- Supported by JDeveloper 10g



Oracle ADF Architecture





ADF Faces

- Evolution of ADF UIX
- Built on top of JSF APIs
- Deployable on any compliant implementation of JSF
- Provides much of what is missing in JSF 1.1
 - The component set is small
 - No client-side behavior
 - No support for customization
 - Little direct support for working with databases
 - Tools will of course support JSF but how well?



What ADF Faces brings to JSF

- Much larger component set
 - Over 100 different components
- Far more advanced and interesting components
 - Partial-page rendering, etc.
- Rich feature set for customizing applications
- ADF model support out-of-the-box
- ADF Faces skins (Look and Feel)
- ADF Databinding (JSR 227)



ADF Faces Components Examples



Look And Feel Customization

- ADF Faces will provide two "as is" look and feels:
 - Oracle's Browser Look and Feel (BLAF)
 - Minimal Look And Feel (MLAF)
- Planned support for declarative L&F

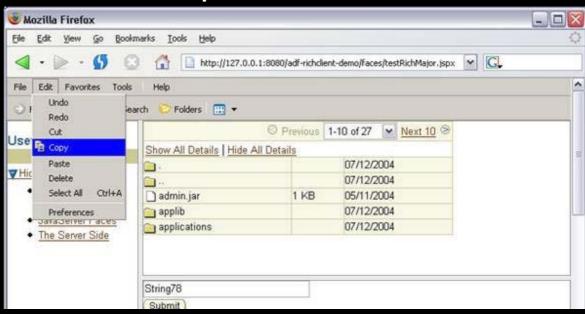
definition





ADF Faces. NEXT

- Rich Web Client components
- Extending ADF Faces
- JSF components with live updates in the Browser
- Popup menus,Trees,Splitters etc...







DEMONSTRATION

Building User interfaceswith Oracle ADF Faces

Summary

- JSF is poised to be one of <u>the</u> standard ways to build web apps
- Looking towards rich clients, JSF component based paradigm is a good fit
- Look forward to better and better IDE support



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